

Table 5D.5: Median Days Away from Work¹ and Rate per 10,000 Full-time Workers for Nonfatal Injuries and Illnesses by Cause of Injury or Illnesses, United States 2003-2016

	Median Days Away From Work													
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Contact with objects and equipment	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Falls to lower level	15	14	13	14	15	15	14	16	21	18	21	20	19	20
Falls on same level	9	9	8	9	9	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
Overexertion and bodily reaction [2]	10	9	8	9	9	10	10	10	11	12	11	13	12	12
Overexertion involving outside sources [3]	9	8	8	8	8	10	10	10	10	11	11	12	12	11
Repetitive motions involving microtasks	22	20	19	19	20	18	20	24	25	23	22	23	22	24
Transportation incidents	14	10	10	10	10	12	10	11	12	11	12	13	11	13
Intentional injury by other person	5	6	5	5	5	6	5	6	5	5	5	5	5	5

	Rate per 10,000 Full-time Workers													
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Contact with objects and equipment	39.0	37.6	37.2	36.2	33.5	30.7	28.1	27.8	26.5	25.6	25.3	24.0	24.2	23.9
Falls to lower level	9.4	9.0	8.7	8.0	8.1	7.1	7.0	3.9	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.3	4.6
Falls on same level	19.9	18.7	18.4	16.4	17.6	16.6	15.6	16.1	15.5	14.8	15.4	16.6	15.5	14.6
Overexertion and bodily reaction [2]	38.7	35.5	32.8	30.8	27.9	26.4	25.0	25.8	37.7	37.0	35.1	33.3	31.3	30.9
Overexertion involving outside sources [3]	21.1	19.5	17.6	16.3	14.8	13.7	12.8	12.9	25.0	24.7	23.2	22.0	20.3	20.1
Repetitive motions involving microtasks	6.5	5.5	4.8	4.1	3.9	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.2	2.1
Transportation incidents	6.6	7.1	6.7	6.4	5.6	5.1	4.6	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.8	5.1	4.8	4.8
Intentional injury by other person	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7

[1] Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median.

[2] 2003-2010 defined as "overexertion"; 2011-2016 defined as "overexertion and bodily reaction".

[3] 2003-2010 defined as "overexertion in lifting"; 2011-2016 defined as "overexertion involving outside sources".

Source: (2003-2010): "Top Picks," US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. <https://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/surveymost?ch> Accessed December 14, 2017. (2011-2016): "Top Picks," US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. <https://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/surveymost?cs> Accessed December 14, 2014.